

Inequality of Opportunity and Couples

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Motivation

- ▶ Inequality of Opportunity (IOp) is concerned with the source of inequality: Circumstances vs. Choices
- ▶ Roemer (1998): Equality of Opportunity, and many others
- ▶ Nobody should be held responsible for circumstances beyond the sphere of individual control
- ▶ Lessons for redistributive policies

Research Question:

- ▶ Philosophical: Are we responsible for our partner?
(in progress)
- ▶ Empirical: Does this matter when measuring IOp?

How to measure Inequality of Opportunity

Divide characteristics into Circumstances C_i and Effort E_{it} :

$$\ln \omega_i = \alpha C_i + \beta E_i + u_i, \quad (1)$$

$$E_i = \kappa C_i + v_{it} \quad (2)$$

$$\ln \omega_i = \underbrace{(\alpha + \beta\kappa)}_{\psi} C_i + \underbrace{\beta v_{it} + u_i}_{\eta_i} \quad (3)$$

Ex ante, parametric estimator (Niehues and Peichl, 2013):

$$\widehat{\omega}_i = \widetilde{\mu}_i^{LB} = \exp[\widehat{\psi} C_i + \sigma^2/2] \quad (4)$$

- ▶ Mean log deviation: $MLD\{\widetilde{\mu}_i^{LB}\}$
- ▶ IOp Ratio: $\frac{MLD\{\widetilde{\mu}_i^{LB}\}}{MLD\{w_i\}}$

Responsibility for Partner's Variables

- ▶ Full Responsibility (Baseline case in previous Literature)
Implications of wage setting within the joint decision on effort and labour supply are anticipated

- ▶ Responsible for Partner's Circumstances and Effort
Joint decision on labour supply and effort (unitary model)

$$\ln \omega_i = \psi C_i + \zeta \ln \omega_i^P + \eta_i$$

- ▶ Responsible for Partner's Circumstances
Circumstances are known when entering a relationship (collective model) $\ln \omega_i = \psi C_i + \lambda E_i^P + \zeta \ln \omega_i^P + \eta_i$

- ▶ No Responsibility
Nobody should be held responsible for circumstances beyond the individual sphere of control

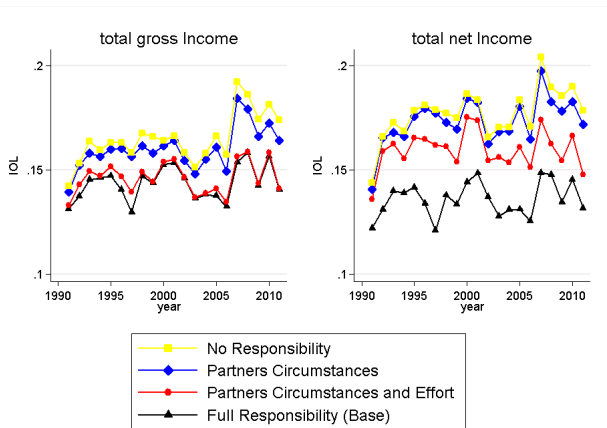
$$\ln \omega_i = \psi C_i + \phi C_i^P + \lambda E_i^P + \zeta \ln \omega_i^P + \eta_i$$

Data and Methodology

- ▶ Baseline lower bound estimation following Niehues and Peichl (2013)
- ▶ SOEP Data from 1991 to 2011, restricting the sample to couples
- ▶ Circumstance variables
Gender, fathers occupation/education, East-Germany, ethnic, childhood urbanization, year of birth, body height
- ▶ Effort variables
Work experience, working hours, education, industry

IOp Levels

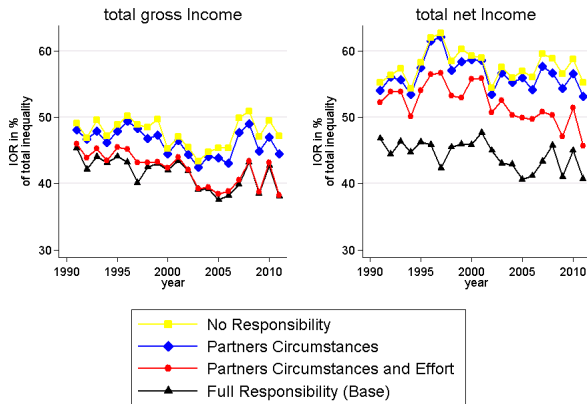
IOL for annual income - gross vs. net



Source: Authors calculation based on SOEP

IOP Shares

IOR for annual income – gross vs. net



Source: Authors calculation based on SOEP

Conclusion

- ▶ If taken into account, the personal characteristics of the partner clearly matter
- ▶ Responsibility for partner's circumstances and effort only has a significant effect in net income; Changing correlation in spouses earnings
- ▶ Responsibility for partner's circumstances is only slightly different from case of no responsibility starting in 2005; increasing explanatory power of partner's circumstances
- ▶ Robustness checks via resampling show significant assortative mating in education
- ▶ Overall decrease in IOR is mainly driven by increased inequality in earnings

Thank you for your attention

Comments, Questions and Critique:
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Related Literature

Inequality of Opportunity

- ▶ Rawls, J. (1958): “Justice as fairness”, Phil. Rev
- ▶ Roemer, J. E. (1998): Equality of Opportunity, Harvard University Press.
- ▶ Niehus, J. and Peichl A. (2013): Upper bounds of inequality of opportunity: theory and evidence for germany and the us, Social Choice and Welfare

Couples and assortative mating

- ▶ Aaberge, R. et al (2005): birds of a feather flock together: The impact of choice of spouse on family labor income inequality, Labour
- ▶ Lise, J. and Seitz, S. (2011): Consumption inequality and intra-household allocations, The Review of Economic Studies

Assortative Mating and Hypergamy

Findings in the original sample:

- ▶ Negative earnings correlation for couples, declining over time
- ▶ Assortative mating in education

Rematching couples in order to account for potential assortative mating:

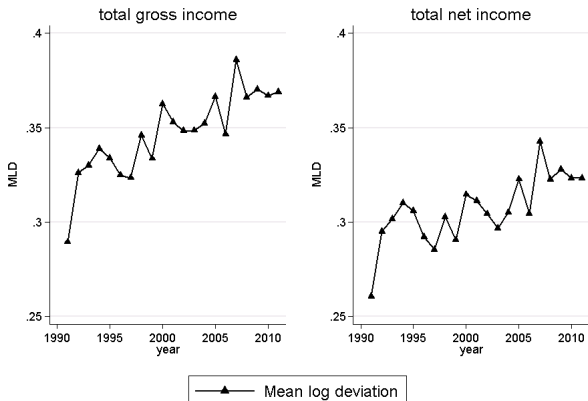
- ▶ Higher correlation (less negative) in earnings
- ▶ Almost no correlation in education

Lessons:

- ▶ Hypergamy (women leveling up) is declining
- ▶ Assortative mating in education is mostly constant

Mean Log Deviation

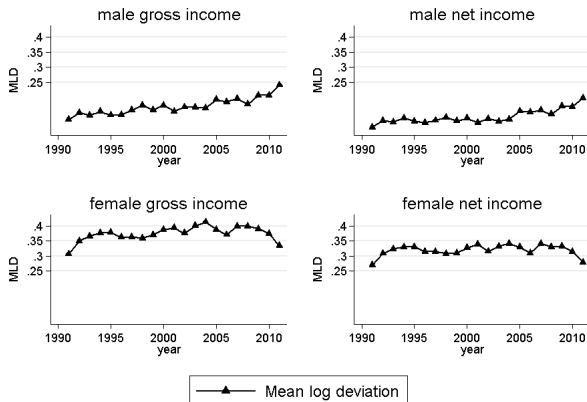
MLD for annual income - gross vs. net



Source: Authors calculation based on SOEP

MLD - Male vs. Female

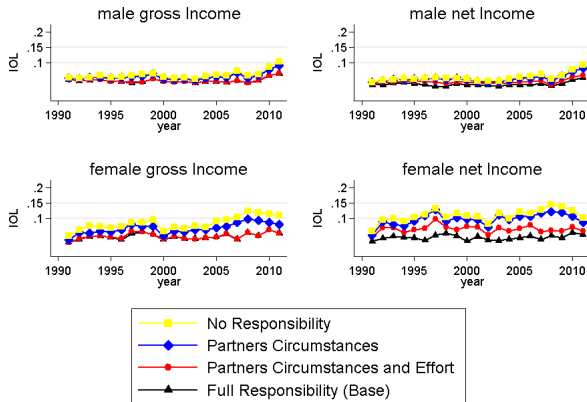
MLD for annual income - male vs. female



Source: Authors calculation based on SOEP

IOL - Male vs. Female

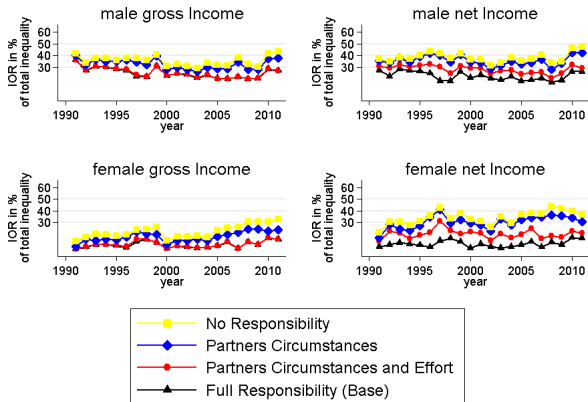
IOL for annual income - male vs. female



Source: Authors calculation based on SOEP

IOR - Male vs. Female

IOR for annual income - male vs. female



Source: Authors calculation based on SOEP